



INITSTATE EXAMPLE

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- This example is originated from a thermal-structural analysis
- One reason for performing a thermal-structural study of the welding process is to evaluate the residual stress field.
- Recall that residual stresses are summed to the operational stresses.

$$\sigma_{TOTAL} = \sigma_{DESIGN} + \sigma_{RESIDUAL}$$

- Since the thermal-structural study can be computationally very complex (large files), an efficient approach is to write a special initial state file, that can be read on other simulations.

- The first step is to create an initial state file (*.ist) to be read.
 - File can be manually by the user

```

/CSYS,0
! ELEM ID    ELEM INTG    LAY/CELL    SECT INTG    SX    SY    SZ    SXY    SYZ    SXZ
  1 ,        1,          ,          ,        100,    0,    0,    0,    0,    0
  1 ,        2,          ,          ,        100,    0,    0,    0,    0,    0
  1 ,        3,          ,          ,        100,    0,    0,    0,    0,    0
  1 ,        4,          ,          ,        100,    0,    0,    0,    0,    0
  1 ,        5,          ,          ,        100,    0,    0,    0,    0,    0
  1 ,        6,          ,          ,        100,    0,    0,    0,    0,    0
  1 ,        7,          ,          ,        100,    0,    0,    0,    0,    0
  1 ,        8,          ,          ,        100,    0,    0,    0,    0,    0
    
```

- File can be automatically written by ANSYS, using the INISTATE command (shown next).
- The automatic creation is recommended, since it provides more precise results, but a file can be manually created if a previous simulation is not available.

- **INISTATE** command syntax for creation of files.

INISTATE, WRITE, 1, , , , *CSID*, *Dtype*

- **CSID** defines reference coordinate system for results.
 - 0 : uses the Global Cartesian System
 - -1 or MAT : based on material coordinate system
 - -2 or ELEM : based on element's coordinate system
- **Dtype** defines which result will be written.
 - S : output stresses
 - EPEL : output elastic strain
 - EPPL : output plastic strain

- **INISTATE** is used again for reading the initial state file.

INISTATE, READ, *Fname*, *Ext*

- In WorkBench, initial state file has the file.ist default name.
- The same procedure for copying results files in submodeling and thermal-structural simulations can be used.

/COPY, file, ist, , file, ist, ..\..

Use this at the initial state model, at the Solution folder

/COPY, file, ist, ..\..\, file, ist

Use this at the main model, at the Environment folder

- If a reference analysis is unavailable, initial state can be entered directly by two **INISTATE** instructions.

INISTATE, SET, DTYP, *Data Type*

INISTATE, DEFINE, *Elid, Eint, Klayer, ParmInt, Cxx, Cyy, Czz, Cxy, Cyz, Cxz*

Data Type is the type of result (as the previous labels shown)

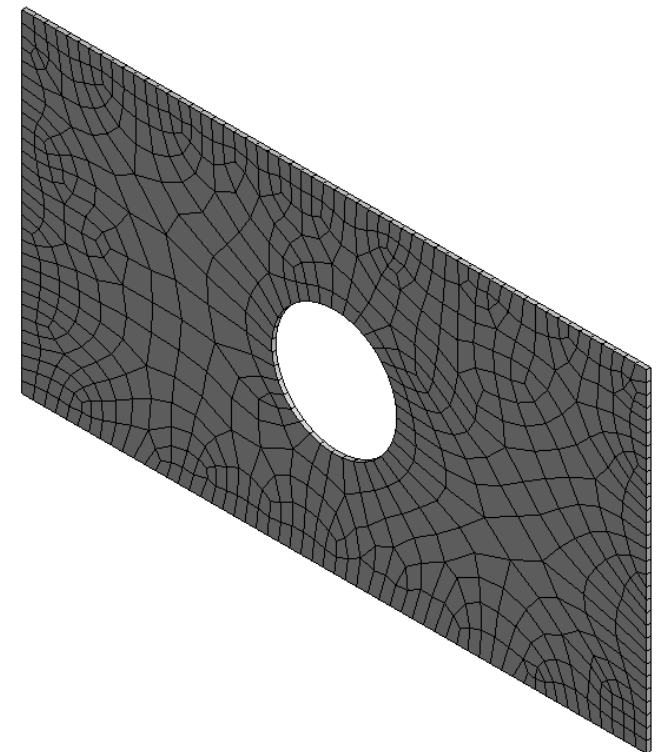
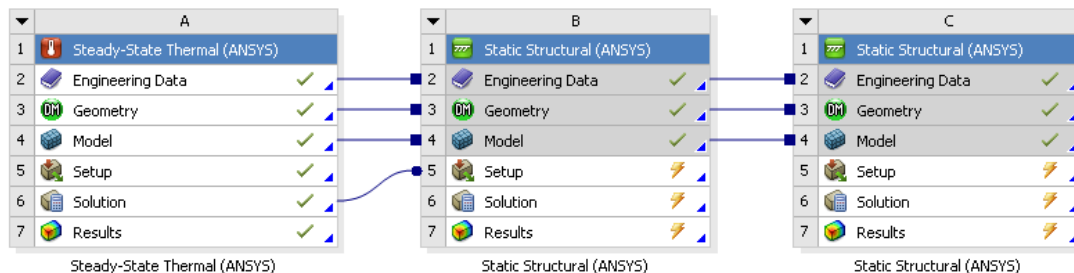
Elid is the element number (ALL can be used)

Eint is the Gauss integration point

ParmInt is the section integration point for shells and beams

Cxx ... Cxz are the component values

- Example: consider a plate with a hole.
 - First, a thermal study is defined to calculate temperature field.
 - A structural study is carried on, evaluating stresses due to temperature distribution.
 - Residual thermal stresses are used as initial condition for the model, when subjected to a tensile load.



- Initial stress state evaluation.

A: Steady-State Thermal (ANSYS)

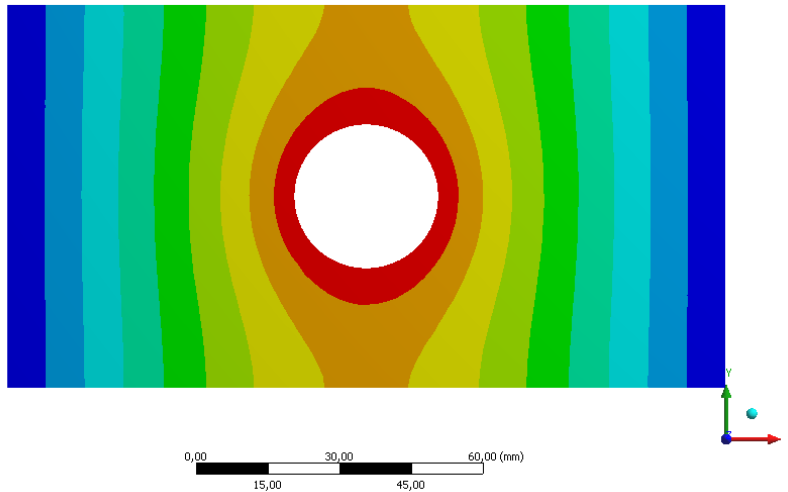
Temperature

Type: Temperature

Unit: °C

Time: 1

50 Max
47,778
45,556
43,333
41,111
38,889
36,667
34,444
32,222
30 Min



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Temperature distribution from
thermal study

B: Static Structural (ANSYS)

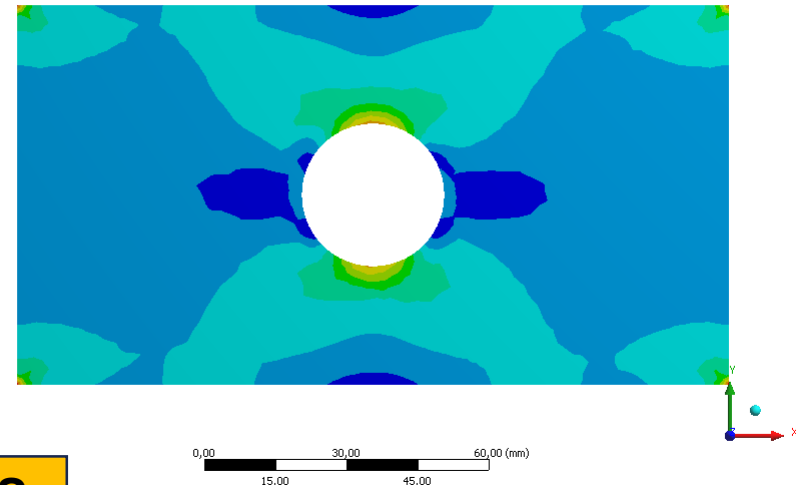
Equivalent Stress

Type: Equivalent (von-Mises) Stress

Unit: MPa

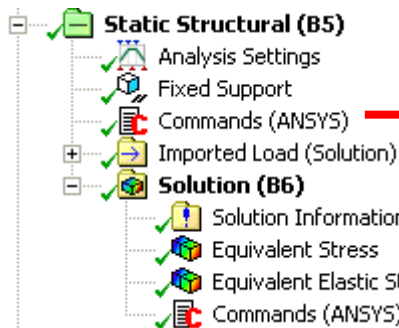
Time: 1

178,6 Max
159,09
139,58
120,08
100,57
81,068
61,562
42,057
22,551
3,0459 Min



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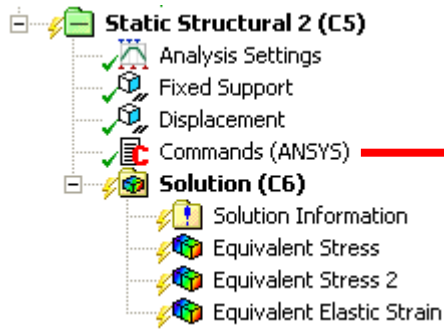
Stress distribution



INISTATE, WRITE, 1, , S

/COPY, file, ist, , file, ist, ..\..

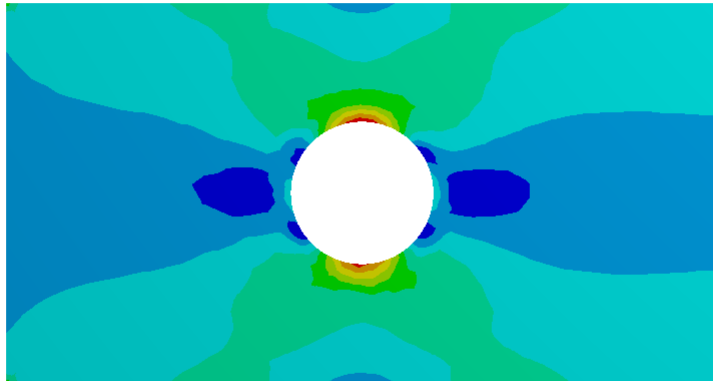
- Initial stress state reading.



/COPY, file, ist, ..\..\, file, ist
INISTATE, READ, file, ist

C: Static Structural (ANSYS)
 Equivalent Stress 2
 Type: Equivalent (von-Mises) Stress
 Unit: MPa
 Time: 2

78,465 Max
 70,215
 61,965
 53,715
 45,465
 37,215
 28,965
 20,715
 12,465
 4,2155 Min



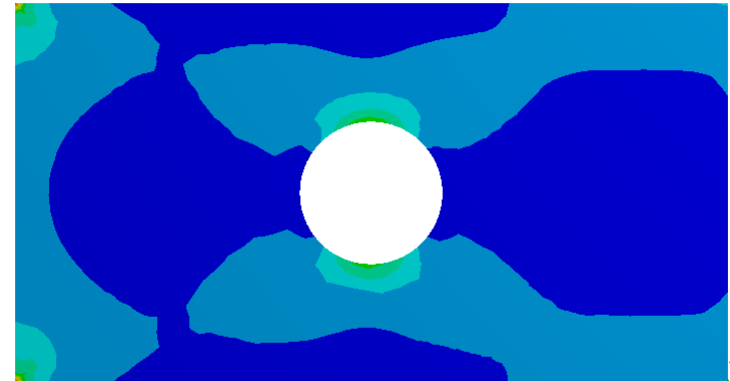
	Time [s]	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Minimum [MPa]	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Maximum [MPa]
1	1,	0,	0,
2	2,	4,2155	78,465

Without initial state

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C: Static Structural (ANSYS)
 Equivalent Stress 2
 Type: Equivalent (von-Mises) Stress
 Unit: MPa
 Time: 2

134,28 Max
 119,39
 104,49
 89,594
 74,697
 59,801
 44,905
 30,008
 15,112
 0,21521 Min



	Time [s]	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Minimum [MPa]	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Maximum [MPa]
1	1,	2,7912	176,63
2	2,	0,21521	134,28

With initial state

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